REPORT ON AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana June 15, 2018

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of contributions – retirement plan, and the related notes to the required supplementary information on page 4 to 7 and 42 to 49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements, schedule of compensation to aldermen and schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to the agency head are presented to comply with the requirements issued by the State of Louisiana and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.



To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana June 15, 2018

The schedule of compensation to aldermen and schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to the agency head are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supporting schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 15, 2018, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mandeville, Louisiana June 15, 2018

Erichen Krentel up
Certified Public Accountants

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART I

TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2017

As management of the Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana (the "Town"), we offer residents of the Town this narrative overview and financial analysis of the financial activities of the Town as of December 31, 2017, and for the year then ended.

Overview of Financial Statements

The Town adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 on January 1, 2004. Under this pronouncement, the Town's basic financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. These two types of financial statements present the Town's financial position and the results of its operations from differing perspectives, which are described as follows:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Town as a whole using an accounting method similar to that used by private-sector companies. The basis of accounting used is accrual accounting. The government-wide statements reflect all of the Town's assets (including capital assets) and all of the Town's liabilities. The two government-wide financial statements are as follows:

- Statement of Net Position: This statement presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.
- Statement of Activities: This statement presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future periods.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The Town uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. The Town has two types of funds:

1. Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. The Town's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the Shared Sales Tax Fund, the Special Sales Tax Fund, the Cemetery Fund, and the Debt Service Fund.

TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

2. Proprietary Funds - These funds are used to account for activities that function in a manner similar to commercial enterprises. Proprietary fund financial statements typically provide a more detailed presentation of the information reported in the business-type activities portion of the government-wide financial statements. The Town's major proprietary fund is the Utility Fund.

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 18 of this report.

Financial Highlights

At December 31, 2017, the Town's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$4,215,378 (net position). Of this amount, \$46,243 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors. The Town's total net position increased by \$219,211, for the year ended December 31, 2017.

At December 31, 2017, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,438,720. Compared to prior year, the total combined fund balance increased by \$125,877 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Financial Analysis of the Town as a Whole

A condensed version of the government-wide Statements of Net Position is presented as follows:

Assets	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	2017	2016
Current assets Other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 1,535,086 28,525 2,588,123 4,151,734	\$ 335,931 471,679 2,136,788 2,944,398	\$ 1,871,017 500,204 4,724,911 7,096,132	\$ 1,789,807 420,531 4,908,418 7,118,756
Total deferred outflows of resources	97,102	172,625	269,727	329,660
Liabilities				
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Total deferred inflows of resources	323,997 1,297,080 1,621,077 19,550	457,257 1,017,841 1,475,098 34,756	781,254 2,314,921 3,096,175 54,306	846,152 2,569,481 3,415,633 36,616
Net position				
Net investments in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	1,464,713 638,367 505,129 \$ 2,608,209	1,780,788 285,267 (458,886) \$ 1,607,169	3,245,501 923,634 46,243 \$ 4,215,378	3,124,862 674,129 197,176 \$ 3,996,167

TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

The net investment in capital assets amount represents 77% of total net position. Net investment in capital assets consists of land, buildings, and equipment, less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Town has elected not to retroactively record, as capital assets, its infrastructure that existed prior to adopting GASB 34.

A condensed version of the government-wide Statements of Activities is presented as follows:

	Gove Ac	rnm tivit			Busin Act				Т	otal	
	2017		2016	-	2017		2016		2017		2016
Revenues	= = =			3					-		
Program revenues											
Charges for services	\$ 39,305	\$	44,103	\$	1,734,165	\$	1,460,730	\$	1,773,470	\$	1,504,833
Operating grants and contributions	18,163		17,276				-		18,163		17,276
Capital grants and contributions	-		4,834		59,417		46,990		59,417		51,284
General revenues											
Taxes	1,417,829		1,364,074		3 . €		34 0.		1,417,829		1,364,074
Licenses and permits	166,559		147,325		(*)		-		166,559		147,325
Fines and forfeitures	63,460		60,742		11,046		æ.c		74,506		60,742
Investment earnings	1,435		1,479		257		236		1,692		1,715
Museum income	32,914		35,115		:#::		5 1		32,914		35,115
Other	118,210		98,511	=	15,480	_	15,480		133,690		113,991
Total revenues	1,857,875		1,773,459	-	1,820,365	-	1,523,436	_	3,678,240		3,296,895
n											
Expenses	721.007		000.064						721 007		000.064
General government	731,987		822,264		(₩)		-		731,987		822,264
Public safety	354,807		346,473		9€3		3.		354,807		346,473
Public works	424,834		349,345		3.00		27		424,834		349,345
Cemetery	6,299		16,017				=		6,299		16,017
Culture and recreation	49,748		84,503		-		-		49,748		84,503
Grants	18,905		18,699		1 000 504		1.500.510		18,905		18,699
Utilities	20.014		25.710		1,822,534		1,530,713		1,822,534		1,530,713
Interest on long-term debt	32,014	_	35,710	-	17,901	-	22,246	-	49,915	-	57,956
Total expenses	1,618,594	_	1,673,011	-	1,840,435	-	1,552,959	; -	3,459,029	_	3,225,970
Change in net position	239,281		100,448		(20,070)		(29,523)		219,211		70,925
Net position – beginning	2,368,928	_	2,268,480	-	1,627,239		1,656,762		3,996,167		3,925,242
Net position – ending	\$ 2,608,209	\$	2,368,928	\$	1,607,169	<u>\$</u>	1,627,239	<u>\$</u>	4,215,378	\$_	3,996,167

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

Financial Analysis of the Major Funds

The Town's General Fund, Shared Sales Tax Fund, Special Sales Tax Fund, Cemetery Fund, and Debt Service Fund had increases in fund balances in the amount of \$36,613, \$31,541, \$23,956, \$5,311, and \$34,948 respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2017. Total governmental fund amounts are different from governmental activities due to capital assets and long-term debt.

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Town's individual funds are identical to business-type activities reported in the government-wide presentation.

Budget Highlights

As required by law, the Town adopted a budget for its General Fund, Shared Sales Tax Fund, Special Sales Tax Fund, and Cemetery Fund.

Capital Asset Administration

For governmental activities, capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$80,212 for the year ended December 31, 2017, as a result of depreciation expense exceeding purchases of assets for the year. For business-type activities, capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$103,295 as a result of depreciation expense for the year.

Debt Administration

The Town's total long-term debt decreased by \$244,335 during the year ended December 31, 2017, as the result of regularly scheduled debt payments exceeding new debt issues.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances. Questions concerning this report or the need for additional information should be directed to Kathy Armand, Municipal Clerk, P.O. Box 461, Abita Springs, Louisiana 70420.



TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2017

	1	PRIMARY GO	VERNMENT	
		vernmental	Business-type	
		Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	983,158	\$ 81,505	\$ 1,064,663
Equity in pooled cash		111,568	5€	111,568
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles		440,360	247,130	687,490
Prepaid items		*	7,296	7,296
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		28,525	471,679	500,204
Capital assets not being depreciated		296,632	(/ =)	296,632
Capital assets being depreciated,				
net of accumulated depreciation	-	2,291,491	2,136,788	4,428,279
Total assets		4,151,734	2,944,398	7,096,132
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Pensions		97,102	172,625	269,727
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	97,102	172,625	269,727
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable		94,507	151,489	245,996
Accrued expenses		16,637	2,318	18,955
Pooled cash in other funds		196	111,568	111,568
Accrued interest payable		8,549	4,154	12,703
Meter deposits		:50	138,299	138,299
Compensated absences		17,957	11,429	29,386
Net pension liability		360,017	640,030	1,000,047
Lease payable:				
Due within one year		41,347	2	41,347
Due in more than one year		80,063		80,063
Bonds payable:		,		
Due within one year		131,000	13,000	144,000
Due in more than one year		842,000	269,811	1,111,811
Certificate of indebtedness:		,	,	
Due within one year		14,000	25,000	39,000
Due in more than one year		15,000	108,000	123,000
Due in more than one year				
Total liabilities	-	1,621,077	1,475,098	3,096,175
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			21.77	74.20 6
Pensions	-	19,550	34,756	54,306
Total deferred inflows of resources	X-	19,550	34,756	54,306
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets		1,464,713	1,780,788	3,245,501
Restricted for:				
Dedicated sales tax usage		328,020	*	328,020
Dedicated ad valorem tax usage		43,154	•	43,154
Debt service		267,147	% €0	267,147
Capital projects		46	242	46
Construction		•	502	502
Meter deposits		-		000
Bond covenants			284,765	284,765
Unrestricted net position (deficit)	-	505,129	(458,886)	46,243
Total net position	\$	2,608,209	\$ 1,607,169	\$ 4,215,378

TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Net (Expense) Revenue and

			Program Revenues			Change in Net Position	tion
			Operating	Capital		Primary Government	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activites	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Public works Cemetery Culture and recreation Grants Interest on long-term debt	\$ 731,987 424,834 6,299 49,748 18,905 32,014	\$ 17,705	\$ 18,163	69	\$ (696,119) (354,807) (424,834) 15,301 (49,748) (18,905)	s	(696,119) (354,807) (424,834) 15,301 (49,748) (18,905)
Total governmental activities	1,618,594	39,305	18.163		(1,561,126)	900	(1,561,126)
Business-type Activities: Utilities Interest on long-term debt	1,822,534	1,734,165	• •	59,417		(28,952) (17,901)	(28,952)
Total business-type activities	1.840,435	1,734,165		59,417	•	(46,853)	(46,853)
Total primary government	\$ 3,459,029	\$ 1,773,470	\$ 18,163	\$ 59,417	(1,561,126)	(46,853)	(1,607,979)
	General Revenues: Taxes: Property taxes Franchise taxes Sales taxes Other taxes Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Insurance licenses Investment earnings Museum income Other general revenues Total general revenues Change in net position Net position - beginning of year	taxes te taxes tes taxes tes tes tes tes tes tes tes tes tes t			368,944 125,220 916,983 6,682 58,014 63,460 108,545 1,435 32,914 118,210 239,281	11,046 15,480 26,783 26,783 (20,070)	368,944 125,220 916,983 6,682 58,014 74,506 108,545 1,692 32,914 133,690 1,827,190 219,211 219,211
	Net position - end of year	l of year			2,000,207	1,001,100	

TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS. LOUISIANA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

				Spee	ASSETS Special Revenue Funds						
		General Fund	01	Shared Sales Tax Fund	Special Sales Tax Fund	Cemetery Fund	Debt Service Fund		Non-Major Govenimental Funds	Ğ	Total Governmental Funds
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled cash	69	102,18	69	209,546 \$	45,746	156,492	\$ 85,919 54,444	8 610 144	46	65	983,158 135,676
Receivables Property taxes, net Sales taxes		164,136 22,177		31,245	22,177	R. H. 18	104,240		62,543		330,919 75,599 33,842
Other Due from other funds Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	J	25,042		43,071	1	33,725			28,525		76,796
Total assets	S	751,356	69	283,862 \$	67,923 \$	225,657	\$ 244,603	\$03	91,114	64	1,664,515
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable	49	75,248	60	LIABILITIES A	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES 6,186 \$ 13,072 \$	ES	6	69	х :	69	94,506
Accrued expenses Pooled cash in other funds Due to other funds		16,637 1,160 76.796		4,507				6 ± 9	18,442		16,637 24,109 76,796
Total liabilities		169,841		10,693	13,072				18,442		212,048
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources] [6,819			* *		4 4	4,330	2,598		13,747
FUND BALANCES: Restricted, reported in Special revenue funds Debt service Committed Unassigned	1	574,696		273,169	54,851	225,657	240,273		43,154 26,874 -	Į.	316,323 267,147 225,657 629,593
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	64	751,356	69	273,169	54,851	225,657	\$ 244,603	& 303 3		69	1,436,720

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Funds balances, total governmental funds	\$	1,438,720
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		2,588,123
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in governmental funds		97,102
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in governmental funds		(19,550)
Long-term liabilities including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period		
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		(8,549)
Accrued interest		(17,957)
Compensated absences		(360,017)
Pension liability Lease payable		(121,410)
Certificates of indebtedness		(29,000)
Bonds payable		(973,000)
Certain property tax collections are not available to pay for current-period		
expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources		
in the governmental funds.	-	13,747
Net position of governmental activities	\$	2,608,209

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	,		Special Revenue Funds	Is		:	Ē
	General Fund	Shared Sales Tax Fund	Special Sales Tax Fund	Cemetery Fund	Debt Service Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	l otal Governmental Funds
DEVENIEC							
Taxes							
Property taxes	\$ 197,772	\$	64	\$; 125,601	\$ 75,360	\$ 398,733
Franchise taxes	125,220	6	.(0)	•	30	<u>(4</u>	125,220
Sales taxes	314,406	288,171	314,406	*	•	*)	916,983
Other	6,682	ā	394	((*	5*	100	6,682
Fines and forfeitures	63,460	×	W.	0	Ŋ • 0;	(O)	63,460
Insurance licenses	108,545	®	130	8	30	***	108,545
Other revenues	118,110		300	100	9.6	9	118,210
Licenses and permits	58,014	*	*5	8	*(iii.	58,014
Museum income	32,914	100	34	8	.9	**	32,914
Donations	12,866	*	ĸ	8	92	100	12,866
Sale of cemetery plots	:041	***	38	21,600	:M	¥.	21,600
Rentals	17,705	•)	0	*)	610	9	17,705
Interest income	955	201	٠	154	64	63	1,437
Total revenues	1.056,649	288,372	314,406	21,854	125,665	75,423	1,882,369
EXPENDITURES:	C10 135		,	,	,	65 229	616.241
General government	201,012	0 8	K (0	()	(c)	(77,00	303,658
Public safety	303,038	142 036	068 686				424.836
Public works	51 140	142,020	000,207			•	51.149
Compton ((+1,10		g :;•	6.300	ř	S 36	6,300
Culture and recreation	29.525		7,650		3	//	37,175
Grants	18,905					•1	18,905
Capital outlay	65,787	16,000	9.	10,243		•	92,030
Debt service:		•					
Principal	•	40,146	*	*	75,000	58,000	173,146
Interest	•	5,249	•	1	15,717	12,086	33,052
Total expenditures	1,020,036	203,431	290,450	16,543	90,717	135,315	1,756,492
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	36,613	84,941	23,956	5,311	34,948	(59,892)	125,877
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:							24
Transfers in	#G: V	(53,400)	ě.	(#)) I	<u>a</u> 1	53,400	53,400
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		(53,400)				53,400	
Net change in fund balances	36,613	31,541	23,956	5,311	34,948	(6,492)	
Fund balances - beginning of year	538,083	241,628	30,895	220,346	275,507	/0,260	1,512,645
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 574,696	\$ 273,169	\$ 54,851	\$ 225,657	\$ 240,273	\$ 70,074	\$ 1,438,720

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances, total governmental funds	\$	125,877
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		(80,212)
Repayment of debt principal and capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		173,146
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, advances of derived tax revenues is not recognized until received, rather than as it is earned. This is the amount by which prior year advances of derived tax revenues recognized of \$43,535 exceeded current advances of derived tax revenues recognized of \$13,747.		(29,789)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences Pensions Non-employer contributions for pensions Accrued interest	,	(4,049) 47,973 5,297 1,038
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	239,281

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2017

ASSETS: Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Prepaid insurance Total current assets	\$ 81,505 247,130 7,296 335,931
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Cash - construction Total restricted assets	471,177 502 471,679
Long-term assets: Capital assets, net Total long-term assets	2,136,788 2,136,788
Total assets	2,944,398
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pensions Total deferred outflows of resources	172,625 172,625
Current liabilities. Accounts payable Accrued wages Compensated absences Pooled cash in other funds Total current liabilities	151,489 2,318 11,429 111,568 276,804
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets): Accrued interest payable Revenue bonds payable, current portion Certificate of indebtedness, current portion Customer meter deposits Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	4,154 13,000 25,000 138,299 180,453
Non-current liabilities: Net pension liability Revenue bonds, net of current portion Certificate of indebtedness, net of current portion Total noncurrent liabilities	640,030 269,811 108,000 1,017,841
Total liabilities	1,475,098
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pensions Total deferred inflows of resources	34,756 34,756
NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	1,780,788 285,267 (458,886)
Total net position	\$ 1,607,169

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

OPERATING REVENUES:		
Charges for services:		
Gas sales	\$	530,500
Water sales		259,007
Sewer service charges		437,242
Garbage collection fees		258,053
Impact fees		75,150
Fines and fees		11,046
Miscellaneous and other fees		174,213
Total operating revenues		1,745,211
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Administrative and general		288,499
Gas purchased		243,035
Gas system		218,261
Water system		262,368
Sewerage system		491,854
Garbage collection		215,222
Depreciation		103,295
Total operating expenses		1,822,534
Operating loss		(77,323)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Capital grants		59,417
Cell tower lease		15,480
Interest expense		(17,901)
Interest income		257
Total non-operating revenues	10-	57,253
Change in net position		(20,070)
Net position - beginning of the year		1,627,239
Net position - end of the year	\$	1,607,169

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 1,673,898
Payments to suppliers	(1,087,234)
Payments to employees	(475,055)
Net cash provided by operating activities	111,609
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING	
ACTIVITIES:	
Increase in meter deposits	4,461
Interfund borrowings	(14,651)
Net cash (used) by non-capital financing activities	(10,190)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING	
ACTIVITIES:	59,417
Capital grant	15,480
Receipts from tower lease Proceeds from long-term debt	59,811
•	(17,901)
Interest paid on leases, bonds, and certificates	(131,000)
Principal paid on bonds and certificates	(131,000)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(14,193)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	257
Interest earned on investments and certificates	257
Net cash provided by investing activities	257
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	87,483
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	465,701
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 553,184

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash

provided (used) by operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (77,323)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net	
cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	103,295
Pension expense	108,037
Change in asset and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(71,313)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	44,861
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	(2,417)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	 6,469
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 111,609

TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS, LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

INTRODUCTION

The Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana (the Town) was incorporated in 1914, under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The Town operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 24:517. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies.

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Town's basic financial statements include the accounts of all Town operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the Town's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in its own name).
- The Town holds the corporate powers of the organization.
- The Town appoints a voting majority of the organization's board.
- The Town is able to impose its will on the organization.
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the Town.
- There is a fiscal dependency by the organization on the Town.
- Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Town has no component units.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for the Town's governmental funds and proprietary fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are considered to be collected when they are collected by the St. Tammany Parish Sheriff. Property taxes collected after 60 days are recorded as a deferred inflow on the governmental funds balance sheet. Franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The Town reports these governmental funds and fund types:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from sales, property, and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than debt service or capital projects) that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes. The Shared Sales Tax Fund, the Special Sales Tax Fund, and the Cemetery Fund are considered to be major funds. The Lighting Fund and Parks/Playground Fund are considered to be non-major funds.

Debt Service Funds - Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The Town has one Debt Service Fund which is considered major. The 2010 Debt Service Fund is considered to be a non-major fund.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the construction of infrastructure and public works. The Town's Capital Projects Fund is considered to be a non-major fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The activities reported in these funds are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town uses a proprietary fund to account for the natural gas, water, sewer, and garbage collection services it provides to the residents and businesses of the Town.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes, licenses and permits, and other general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues for the Town's proprietary fund consist of charges to customers and users of its natural gas, water, sewer, and garbage collection services. Operating expenses for the Town's proprietary fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

At the beginning of each fiscal year, an annual budget is prepared. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. Payments under capital leases are treated as expenditures in the year of payment for budgetary purposes. The Town does not use encumbrance accounting. At the end of the fiscal year, unexpended appropriations of these funds automatically lapse.

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The Mayor, Board of Aldermen, Town Clerk, and other advisory personnel assemble the necessary financial information.
- b. The proposed budget is made available for public inspection.
- c. A public hearing is held for any recommendations or changes to the budget. The budget is legally adopted through passage of an ordinance by the Board of Aldermen.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Town amended its Cemetery Fund, Lighting Fund, and Parks/Playground Fund budgets.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash balances of all funds are combined to the extent possible. Interest earned on deposits is distributed to the individual funds based on the investment balances of the participating funds during the year. Each fund's portion of the pooled cash is included in equity or deficit in pooled cash on the accompanying financial statements.

TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS, LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (continued)

For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments (including certificates of deposit) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits. Under state law, the Town may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

Under state law, the Town may deposit funds with a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States The Town may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, repurchase agreements, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

Short-term investments are stated at amortized cost, which approximates market. Certain investments, as required by GASB 31, are reported at fair value, which is determined using published market prices.

Investments

State Law R.S. 33:2955 allows the investment in direct United States Treasury obligations; bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by federal agencies or U.S. government instrumentalities, which are federally sponsored; direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book-entry-only securities guaranteed by the U.S. government; time certificates of deposit of any bank domiciled or having a branch office in the state of Louisiana; savings accounts or shares of certain savings and loan associations and savings banks; certain accounts of federally or state chartered credit unions, and certain mutual or trust fund institutions.

Investments are stated at fair value in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 31 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools".

Sales Taxes

The Town imposes the following sales and use taxes:

• The original 1965 1% sales and use tax passed by voters is to be used for constructing, improving, maintaining, and operating recreational facilities; constructing, maintaining, re-surfacing, lighting, and improving public streets; constructing sidewalks and bridges; acquiring and maintaining a garbage disposal site and garbage collection equipment, and purchasing equipment for all of the public works and departments of the Town. The proceeds from this sales and use tax are accounted for in the Special Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund.

TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS, LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Sales Taxes (Continued)

- Pursuant to the Growth Management and Revenue Sharing Agreement between the Town and St. Tammany Parish (the Parish) dated December 21, 2006, the Town collects the 2% sales and use tax imposed by the Parish on the growth management area surrounding the Town. The proceeds from the tax are to be used for projects that benefits residents of the growth management area. The proceeds from this sales and use tax are accounted for in the Shared Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund.
- The additional 1983 1% sales and use tax proceeds are to be split in half. Fifty percent is to be used to defray expenses borne by or from the Police Fund and the other fifty percent is to be used for the supplementation of and the performance of all other duties and services funded from the General Fund. The proceeds from this sales and use tax are accounted for in the General Fund.

Compensated Absences

Employees accrue vacation leave at the rate of 5 to 25 days per anniversary year, according to years of service with the Town. Employees may carry over a maximum of five unused vacation days after their anniversary date into the next year. Employees accrue sick leave of up to 10 days per year. Employees are allowed to carry forward unused sick leave from year to year. Upon termination, or at retirement, employees are paid for unused vacation leave at the discretion of the Town. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the General Fund. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, debt principal payments of both governmental and business-type activities are reported as decreases in the balance of the liability on the statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, however, debt principal payments of governmental funds are recognized as expenditures when paid.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana and additions to/deductions from the system's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the system. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Accounts Receivable

Outstanding balances between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/ due from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Uncollectible amounts due for customers' utility receivables are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectability of the receivable. The allowance was \$70,870, at December 31, 2017.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated cost if historical cost is not available.

Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Town maintains a threshold level of \$2,500 or more for capitalizing equipment, furniture, and fixtures. The threshold for infrastructure and improvements is \$25,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements and as assets in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB 34, the Town has elected not to capitalize infrastructure retroactively. Depreciation is recorded on general fixed assets on a government-wide basis. Capital outlays of the proprietary fund are recorded as fixed assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives on both the fund basis and the government-wide basis.

All capital assets, other than land and works of art that are inexhaustible, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Infrastructure	40 years
Buildings and building improvements	20 to 40 years
Utility systems	30 to 40 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Vehicles	5 years
Equipment	3 to 15 years

Fund Equity

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Statements - equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of the historical cost of capital assets, including any restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.
- 2. Restricted This component of net position consists of assets that have constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted All other net position is reported in this category.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 2017

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Equity (continued)

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- 1. Restricted Fund Balance Amounts that are restricted to specific purposes imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- 2. Committed Fund Balance Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Aldermen.
- 3. Unassigned Fund Balance All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Interfund Transactions

Permanent re-allocation of resources between funds of the Town is classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through June 15, 2018, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

(2) STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deposit and Investment Laws and Regulations

In accordance with state law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral valued at the lower of market or par. At December 31, 2017, the Town was in compliance with the deposit and investment laws and regulations.

(3) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be recovered. The Town's deposit policy for custodial credit risk is that all uninsured deposits be collateralized by pledged securities as required by state law.

As of December 31, 2017, \$1,302,811 of the Town's bank balance of \$1,633,821 was exposed to custodial credit risk. However, these deposits are secured from risk by the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(3) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk (continued)

The following is a reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents per the statement of net position of the proprietary fund to the cash and cash equivalents per the statement of cash flows:

Cash and cash equivalents per Statement of Net Position Cash on hand and in bank Restricted:	\$	81,505
		144,258
Meter deposits		124,583
Bond sinking		*
Bond reserve		95,450
Capital additions and contingency		92,202
Cash construction		502
Sewer debt service	-	14,684
Total restricted	_	471,679
Total cash and cash equivalents per Statement of Cash Flows	¢	552 104
Statement of Cash Flows	₽	553,184

(4) RECEIVABLES

The net receivables at December 31, 2017, were as follows:

	_	General Fund	_	Debt Service Funds		Special Revenue Funds	P	roprietary Fund		Total
Taxes										
Property	\$	164,136	\$	104,240	\$	62,543	\$	(m)	\$	330,919
Sales and use		22,177		-		53,422		5.00		75,599
Other		33,842		-		· ·		; ₩		33,842
Utility accounts	-		-		-			247,130	_	247,130
Totals	<u>\$</u>	220,155	\$	104,240	\$_	115,965	S	247,130	\$	687,490

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Total allowance for doubtful accounts amounted to \$17,070 for the governmental funds and \$70,870 for the business-type activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2017</u>

(5) PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are normally levied and billed in November of each year and are due by December 31st of the year levied. Revenues are recognized when levied to the extent they are determined to be currently collectible. Property taxes are billed and collected using the assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of St. Tammany Parish. The property taxes receivable are recorded net of allowance of \$17,417 on the accompanying balance sheet. For the year ended December 31, 2017, the Town levied taxes of 7.86 mills for general purposes, 5.00 mills for debt service, 1.00 mill for town lighting, and 2.00 mills for parks and playground expenditures.

The following are the principal taxpayers and related property tax revenue for the entity:

			% of Total
	Assessed		Assessed
	Va	Value	
Central LA Elec Co.	\$	630,160	2.87%
Abita Lumber Co Inc.		283,260	1.29%
Stirling Walgreens 2010, LLC		261,324	1.19%
Home Bank		238,929	1.09%
Walgreens #11996		171,470	0.78%
Phillips Building Supply		148,843	0.68%
Cypress Group, LLC		140,147	0.64%
Patrick Fabricating & Welding		136,613	0.62%
Citizens Bank & Trust		126,959	0.58%
Little Village, Inc.	·	117,451	0.53%
	\$	2,255,156	10.27%

(6) OPERATING LEASES

The Town makes payments monthly for the use of land and office equipment. Presently, the Town has lease agreements with the owners of these properties. The leases are non-cancelable operating leases, by the Town, that expire at various dates through December 31, 2017. Certain leases generally contain renewal options, include escalation clauses, and require the Town to pay executor costs such as taxes, maintenance and insurance. Rent expense for leases for 2017 was \$10,100.

Future minimum lease payments under operating leases that have remaining terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 2017 are:

\$	4,000
¢	4.000
	S-770

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2017</u>

(7) CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017:

Governmental Activities	Balance _1/1/2017	_Increases_	Decreases	Balance 12/31/2017
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Works of art	\$ 40,000	\$	\$ -	\$ 40,000
Construction in progress	\$ 40,000	60,243	Φ -	60,243
Land	196,389	00,243		196,389
Land	190,389			190,389
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	236,389	60,243	-	296,632
some coprocues	250,505			
Capital assets being depreciated				
Infrastructure	2,138,294	-		2,138,294
Culture and recreation	457,696	=		457,696
Machinery and equipment	731,978	16,000	-	747,978
Office equipment and furniture	16,119	· ·	<u> </u>	16,119
Buildings and building improvements	426,066	15,787	=	441,853
Police machinery and equipment	3,535		-	3,535
Police furniture and fixtures	1,197	-		1,197
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	3,774,885	31,787	-	3,806,672
Accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(555,627)	(96,733)	-	(652,360)
Culture and recreation	(63,762)	(12,572)	37.	(76,334)
Machinery and equipment	(454,453)	(54,819)	. 	(509,272)
Office equipment and furniture	(16,119)	(34,619)	- -	(16,119)
Buildings and building improvements	(248,246)	(8,118)	:=:	(256,364)
Police machinery and equipment	(248,240) $(3,535)$	(0,110)		(230,304) $(3,535)$
Police furniture and fixtures		, .		(3,333) $(1,197)$
Ponce furniture and fixtures	(1,197)			(1,197)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,342,939)	(172,242)		(1,515,181)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	2,431,946	(140,455)	-	2,291,491
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 2,668,335	\$ (80,212)	\$	\$ 2,588,123

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General governmental	\$	159,670
Culture and recreation		12,572
Total	<u>\$</u>	172,242

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(7) CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities Capital assets being depreciated	Balance 	Increases	Decreases	Balance 12/31/2017
Gas distribution system	\$ 150,035	\$:=:	\$	\$ 150,035
Water distribution system	1,765,870	ψ :=-:	φ	1,765,870
Sewer plant and lines	2,896,847			2,896,847
Vehicles	17,600		\ <u>-</u>	17,600
Machinery and equipment	77,983	:-:		77,983
Buildings and building improvements	35,808	-	-	35,808
buildings and building improvements				33,606
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	4,944,143	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4,944,143
Accumulated depreciation for:				
Gas distribution system	(41,244)	(4,686)	-	(45,930)
Water distribution system	(969,251)	(37,713)	-	(1,006,964)
Sewer plant and lines	(1,597,898)	(57,335)	-	(1,655,233)
Vehicles	(17,600)		-	(17,600)
Machinery and equipment	(63,443)	(2,367)	-	(65,810)
Buildings and building improvements	(14,624)	(1,194)		(15,818)
Total accumulated depreciation	_(2,704,060)	(103,295)		(2,807,355)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,240,083	(103,295)		2,136,788
Total capital assets, net	\$ 2,240,083	\$ (103,295)	\$ -	\$ 2,136,788

(8) <u>EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN</u>

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS)

Plan Description

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (System) was originally established by Act 356 of the 1954 regular session of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana to provide retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns, and cities within the state, which did not have their own retirement system and which elected to become members of the System.

The System is administered by a Board of Trustees composed of eleven members, three of whom shall be active and contributing members of the System with at least ten years creditable service and who are elected to office in accordance with the Louisiana Election Code, three of whom shall be active and contributing members of the System with at least ten years creditable service and who are not elected officials; one of whom shall be president of the Louisiana Municipal Association who shall serve as an ex-officio member during his tenure; one of whom shall be the Chairman of the Senate Retirement Committee; and one of whom shall be the Chairman of the House Retirement Committee of the Legislature of Louisiana; the commissioner of administration, who shall be a nonvoting member; and the State Treasurer, who shall be a nonvoting member.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(8) EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

The System is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The System was established and provided for by R.S.11:1731 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes (LRS).

Act #569 of the year 1968 established by the Legislature of the State of Louisiana provides an optional method for municipalities to cancel Social Security and come under supplementary benefits in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, effective on and after June 30, 1970.

Effective October 1, 1978, under Act #788, the "regular plan" and the "supplemental plan" were replaced, and are now known as Plan "A" and Plan "B." Plan A combines the original plan and the supplemental plan for those municipalities participating in both plans, while Plan B participates in only the original plan.

Plan Membership:

The System provides retirement benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns, and cities within the State which do not have their own retirement system and which elect to become members of the System. For the year ended June 30, 2017, there were 84 contributing municipalities in Plan A and 68 in Plan B.

Eligibility Requirements:

Membership is mandatory as a condition of employment beginning on the date employed if the employee is on a permanent basis working at least thirty-five hours per week. Those individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and the parish are not eligible for membership in the System with exceptions as outlined in the statutes.

Any person eligible for membership but whose first employment making him eligible for membership in the System occurred on or after January 1, 2013 shall become a member of the MERS Plan A Tier 2 or MERS Plan B Tier 2 of the System as a condition of employment.

Retirement Benefits:

Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 356 of the 1954 regular session and amended by LRS 11:1756-11: 1785. The following brief description of the plan and its benefits is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(8) EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Any member of Plan A who commenced participation in the System prior to January 1, 2013 can retire providing he meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with twenty-five (25) or more years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten (10) years of creditable service.
- 3. Any age with five (5) years of creditable service eligible for disability benefits.
- 4. Survivor's benefits require five (5) or more years creditable service with legal spouse at least last 12 months before death 40% at age 60 or minimum of 20% immediately (actuarially calculated).
- 5. Any age with 20 years of creditable service, exclusive of military service with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement allowance for any member of Plan A shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final average compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts. An additional regular retirement benefit can be received for any city marshal or deputy city marshal. See Plan Booklet for further details.

Any member of Plan A Tier 2 can retire providing he meets one of the following requirements.

- 1. Age 67 with seven or more years of creditable service
- 2. Age 62 with ten or more years of creditable service
- 3. Age 55 with thirty or more years of creditable service
- 4. Any age with twenty five years of creditable service with an actuarially reduced early benefit.
- 5. Survivor's benefits require five or more years of creditable service with legal spouse at least last 12 months before death 40% at age 60 or minimum of 20% immediately (actuarially calculated).

Generally, the monthly amount of retirement allowance for any member of Plan A Tier 2 shall consist of an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service. Final average compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts. Any city marshal or deputy city marshal shall receive an additional regular benefit computed on supplemental marshal's earnings. See Plan booklet for further details.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(8) EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Survivor Benefits:

Upon death of any member of Plan A with five (5) or more years of creditable service, not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and minor children as outlined in the statutes.

Any member of Plan A who is eligible for normal retirement at time of death and who leaves a surviving spouse will be deemed to have retired and selected Option 2 benefits on behalf of the surviving spouse on the date of death. Such benefits will begin only upon proper application and are paid in lieu of any other survivor benefits.

Any member of Plan A or Plan B who had not withdrawn their accumulated contributions and had at least twenty years of service credit at time of death, surviving spouse shall receive benefits for as long as he/she lives as outlined in the statutes.

DROP Benefits:

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of Plan A or B who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP Fund. Interest is earned when the member has completed DROP participation. Interest earnings are based upon the actual rate of return on the investments identified as DROP funds for the period. In addition, no cost-of-living increases are payable to participants until employment which made them eligible to become members of the System has been terminated for at least one full year.

Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the board of trustees. If a participant dies during the participation in the DROP, a lump sum equal to the balance in his account shall be paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in the System.

Disability Benefits:

For Plan A, a member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement, and has been officially certified as disabled by the State Medical Disability Board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member of Plan A shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of forty-five percent of his final average compensation or three percent of his final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, whichever is greater, or an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service projected to his earliest normal retirement age.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(8) EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Cost of Living Increases:

The System is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows the System to grant additional cost of living increases to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

Deferred Benefits:

Both Plans provide for deferred benefits for members who terminate before being eligible for retirement. Once the member reaches the appropriate age for retirement, benefits become payable. Benefits are based on statutes in effect at time of withdrawal.

Funding Policy

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2017, members of the System are required to contribute 9.50% of their annual covered salary and the Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. At December 31, 2017, the employer contribution rate was 24.75%. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year.

Contributions

According to state statute, for the System, contribution requirements for all employees are actuarially determined each year. State statute requires covered employees to contribute a percentage of their salaries to the System. For the year ending December 31, 2017, the actual employer contribution rate and the actuarially determined employer contribution rate is listed below. The actual rate differs from the actuarially required rate due to state statutes that require the contribution rate be calculated and set two years prior to the year effective.

The amount of the Town's employer contributions to the System for the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$99,802. The District's covered payroll for the System for the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$420,565.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2017, the Town reported a liability totaling \$1,000,047 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the System. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the Town's proportion was .23905% for the System, which was a decrease of .010517% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2017</u>

(8) EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense for the System totaling \$170,976. Subtracted from pension expense is the employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions totaling \$4,684 for the System.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the Town recognized revenue from ad valorem taxes and revenue sharing funds received by the System. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities totaling \$14,714.

At December 31, 2017, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the System:

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	30,457	
Change in assumptions		16,722		=	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		201,661		Ę	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		9 %		23,849	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	51,344		<u></u>	
Total	\$	269,727	\$	54,306	

Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date totaling \$51,344 and reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:

2018 2019	\$ 41,907
2020	68,495 43,624
2021 Total	\$ 9,044

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(8) <u>EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation for the System was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2017

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry age normal cost

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 7.400%

Inflation rate: 2.775%

Projected Salary Increases 5.0%

Mortality Rates RP-2000 Employee Table for active members

RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table for healthy annuitants

RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for disabled annuitants

Expected Remaining

Service Lives 2017 – 3 years for Plan A; 2016 – 3 years for Plan A

Discount Rate:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate
Asset Class	Asset Allocation	of Return
Public equity	50%	2.30%
Public fixed income	35%	1.60%
Alternatives	15%	<u>0.70%</u>
Totals	<u>100%</u>	4.60%
Inflation		2.60%
Expected arithmetic nominal return		7.20%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(8) EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.40% for the years ended June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The effects of certain other changes in the net pension liability are required to be included in pension expense over the current and future periods. The effects on the total pension liability of (1) changes of economic and demographic assumptions or of other inputs and (2) differences between expected and actual experience are required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees), determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. The effect on net pension liability of differences between the projected earnings on pension plan investments and actual experience with regard to those earnings is required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period of five years, beginning with the current period. The Expected Remaining Service Lives (ERSL) for 2017 is 3 years for Plan A and 4 years for Plan B.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate:

The following presents the net pension liability of the System calculated using the discount rate of 7.40%, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.40%) or one percentage point higher (8.40%) than the current discount rate (assuming all other assumptions remain unchanged):

Changes in discount for years ending June 30, 2017 for Plan A are as follows:

				Current			
		1% Decrease 6.40%		scount Rate 7.40%	1% Increase 8.40%		
Town's proportionate share	er er	1 274 202	ď.	1 000 047	•	766.029	
of the Net Pension Liability	Э	1,274,392	Ф	1,000,047	Э	766,038	

Retirement System Audit Report:

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana has issued a stand-alone audit report on their financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov, or by contacting the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, 7937 Office Park Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(9) LONG-TERM DEBT AND CAPITAL LEASES

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	
	General	Certificate		Certificate	
	Obligation	of	Revenue	of	
	Bonds	Indebtedness	Bonds	Indebtedness	Total
Balance 1/1/2017 Additions Reductions	\$ 1,092,000 (119,000)	\$ 43,000	\$ 330,000 59,811 (107,000)	\$ 157,000 (24,000)	\$ 1,622,000 59,811 (264,000)
Balance 12/31/17	\$ 973,000	\$ 29,000	\$ 282,811	\$ 133,000	\$ 1,417,811
Due within one year	\$ 131,000	\$ 14,000	\$ 13,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 183,000

General obligation bonds are secured by an annual property tax levy. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 39:562, the Town is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of 35% of the assessed value of taxable property in the municipality. At December 31, 2017, the Town had not exceeded this statutory limit. As of December 31, 2017, there was \$240,273 available in the Debt Service Fund and \$26,874 in the 2010 Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

Long-term debt was composed of the following at December 31, 2017:

General Obligation Bonds

\$450,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2005, due in annual	
installments through March 2020; interest paid semi-annually	
at 2.95%; secured by ad valorem tax.	

\$ 155,000

\$556,000 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2012, due in annual installments through September 2024; interest paid semi-annually at 2.72% secured by ad valorem tax.

348,000

\$500,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2014, due in annual installments through March 2029; interest paid semi-annually ranging from 1.50% to 3.00% secured by ad valorem tax.

470,000

973,000

Revenue Bonds

\$350,000 Utility Refunding Bonds dated January 8, 2004, due in annual installments through March 1, 2030; including interest from from 3% to 5.25%; secured by revenues of the Utility System.

\$ 223,000

\$6,000,000 Utility Revenue Bonds dated December 6, 2017, in connection with a loan from the State of Louisiana, Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) to construct sewer improvements. DEQ is holding the bonds as payment for the loan. This amounts represents the total drawdown of these bonds to date. Includes interest of 0.45% secured by revenues of the Utility System.

59,811

\$ 282.811

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2017</u>

(9) LONG-TERM DEBT AND CAPITAL LEASES (CONTINUED)

Certificates of Indebtedness

\$116,000 Certificate of Indebtedness dated September 30, 2010, due in annual installments through March 1, 2019; interest paid semi-annually ranging from 2.5% to 4%; secured by excess revenues.

\$ 29,000

\$250,000 Certificate of Indebtedness dated July 12, 2012; due in annual installments through June 1, 2022; interest paid semi-annually ranging from 0.50% to 3.5%; secured by excess revenues.

133,000

162,000

Annual debt service requirements of long-term debt are as follows:

	G	eneral Obl	igati	on Bonds		Certificate of Indebtedness			Revenue Bonds			
	_P	rincipal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal			Interest
Year												
2018	\$	131,000	\$	23,676	\$	39,000	\$	5,027	\$	13,000	\$	11,030
2019		133,000		20,787		41,000		3,606		72,811		10,714
2020		139,000		17,495		27,000		2,938		14,000		9,803
2021		84,000		14,651		27,000		1,453		14,000		9,103
2022		86,000		12,574		28,000		490		15,000		8,378
Thereafter	-	400,000	(* -) - 	34,367	:		-		:(154,000		34,251
Totals	\$	973,000	\$	123,550	\$	162,000	\$	13,514	\$	282,811	\$	83,279

Interest costs incurred and charged to expense for the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$49,915.

Capital Leases

The Town records items under capital leases as an asset and an obligation in the accompanying financial statements. On May 27, 2015, the Town entered into a capital lease agreement for five years with interest of 4.18% for the purchase of an excavator. On April 1, 2016, the Town entered into a capital lease agreement for five years with interest of 3.35% for the purchase of a directional drill for gas and water installations.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments, as of December 31, 2017:

	-	Equipment							
	_P	rincipal		nterest					
Year									
2018	\$	41,347	\$	3,746					
2019		42,906		2,188					
2020		33,170		687					
2021		3,987		18					
Totals	\$	121,410	\$	6,639					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(10) RESTRICTED ASSETS

The Town has approved resolutions authorizing the issuance of \$600,000 of Utility Revenue Bonds dated July 8, 1998, \$350,000 of Utility Refunding Bonds dated January 8, 2004, and \$250,000 of Utility Revenue Bonds dated December 1, 2004. Each of the resolutions provide for certain restrictions on assets of the proprietary fund. The following reserve requirements have been met for the year ended December 31, 2017:

1. Revenue Bond Sinking Fund

The resolution called for the establishment and maintenance of a Utilities Revenue Bond and Sinking Fund sufficient in amount to pay promptly and in full the principal of and the interest on bonds authorized as they become due and payable.

2. Revenue Bond Reserve Fund

The resolution called for the establishment of a Revenue Bond Reserve Fund by depositing with the designated fiscal agent bank of the Town until such time as there has been accumulated in said Reserve Fund a sum equal to the highest combined principal and interest payment in any year of the bond. The sole purpose of this fund is to pay the principal of and the interest on the bonds payable from the Revenue Bond Reserve Fund as to which these would otherwise be in default.

3. Depreciation and Contingency Fund

The resolution called for the establishment and maintenance of a Depreciation and Contingency Fund to care for depreciation, extensions, additions, improvements, and replacements necessary to properly operate the system. Regular deposits of \$416 per month are to be deposited with the regularly designated fiscal agent bank of the Town.

4. Meter Deposit Fund

The Town established a Meter Deposit Fund to help maintain customer meter deposits on hand, as well as to help control customer meter deposits received.

(11) INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

The primary purpose of interfund receivables/payables is to loan monies between funds to cover current expenditures. Individual fund balances due from/to other funds at December 31, 2017, were as follows:

	D	ue From	I	Due To			
General Fund							
Shared Sales Tax Fund	\$	-	\$	43,071			
Cemetery Fund		9 2 5		33,725			
Shared Sales Tax Fund							
General Fund		43,071					
Cemetery Fund							
General Fund		33,725	7				
Total	\$	76,796	\$	76,796			

All interfund receivables/payables are considered short-term, as they are expected to be repaid within the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) <u>DECEMBER 31, 2017</u>

(12) INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers between funds consist primarily of sales tax revenues transferred to the particular funds for which the revenue is to be used. The following is a summary of the operating transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017:

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Shared Sales Tax Fund 2010 Debt Service Fund 2010 Debt Service Fund	-	53,400
Shared Sales Tax Fund	53,400	
Total All Funds	\$ 53,400	\$ 53,400

(13) INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

The Town entered into an intergovernmental agreement with St. Tammany Parish, Louisiana, effective December 21, 2006, for the sharing of sales tax revenue generated in Sales Tax District No. 3. Proceeds from the tax shall be used for projects that benefit residents of Sales Tax District No. 3. As of December 31, 2017, \$273,169 was restricted for use in Sales Tax District No. 3.

(14) RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Town carried insurance through various commercial carriers to cover all risks of loss. The Town has no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded its commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(15) NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The GASB has issued Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73." The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans," No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions," and No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68." Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. This Statement did not have a material effect on the Town's financial statements upon implementation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 2017

(15) NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The GASB has issued Statement No. 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." The objective of this Statement is to provide financial statement users with information about asset retirement obligations (AROs) that were not addressed in GASB standards by establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for these obligations. This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and the pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs, and requires (1) that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable; (2) the measurement of an ARO to be based on the best estimate of the current value of outlays expected to be incurred; (3) the current value of a government's AROs to be adjusted for the effects of general inflation or deflation at least annually; (4) a government to evaluate all relevant factors at least annually to determine whether the effects of one or more of the factors are expected to significantly change the estimated asset retirement outlays; and (5) disclosure of information concerning the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The Town plans to adopt this Statement as applicable by the effective date.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 84. "Fiduciary Activities." The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Town plans to adopt this Statement as applicable by the effective date.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 85, "Omnibus 2017." The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The Town plans to adopt this Statement as applicable by the effective date.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 86, "Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues." The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for insubstance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The Town plans to adopt this Statement as applicable by the effective date.

TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS, LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

(15) NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The GASB has issued Statement No. 87, "Leases." The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Town plans to adopt this Statement as applicable by the effective date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART II

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

	Budgetary Amounts				Actual on	Variance with			
	Original			Final		Budgetary Basis	Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:		Original	-	1 mai		154510	1 OSILIA	e (reguire)	
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$	187,500	\$	187,500	\$	197,772	\$	10,272	
Franchise taxes		127,000		127,000		125,220		(1,780)	
Sales taxes		300,000		300,000		314,406		14,406	
Other		6,000		6,000		6,682		682	
Licenses and permits		48,500		48,500		58,014		9,514	
Insurance licenses		98,000		98,000		108,545		10,545	
Rentals		21,000		21,000		17,705		(3,295)	
Fines and forfeitures		85,000		85,000		63,460		(21,540)	
Interest income		1,015		1,015		955		(60)	
Donations		19,500		19,500		12,866		(6,634)	
Museum income		35,000		35,000		32,914		(2,086)	
Other revenues		79,000		79,000		118,110		39,110	
Other revenues		,							
Total revenues	_	1,007,515	-	1,007,515		1,056,649		49,134	
EXPENDITURES:									
General government		618,065		618,065		551,012		67,053	
Public safety		295,350		295,350		303,658		(8,308)	
Clerk of court		49,100		49,100		51,149		(2,049)	
Culture and recreation		35,000		35,000		29,525		5,475	
Grants		10,000		10,000		18,905		(8,905)	
Capital outlay	-		=		-	65,787		(65,787)	
Total expenditures	_	1,007,515	-	1,007,515	S	1,020,036		(12,521)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures	_	•	_		_	36,613		36,613	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:									
Transfers in					-		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	*			-				
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		=	36,613	\$		
Fund balance, beginning of year					-	538,083			
Fund balance, end of year					\$_	574,696			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED) BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

	Budgetary Amounts				Actual on Budgetary		nce with Budget	
		Original		Final		Basis		(Negative)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT:					-	·		(************************************
Salaries	\$	216,000	\$	216,000	\$	203,191	\$	12,809
Repairs and maintenance		22,400		22,400		20,601		1,799
Employeee insurance and benefits		74,000		74,000		73,382		618
Insurance		38,570		38,570		36,941		1,629
Accounting and auditing		11,100		11,100		11,618		(518)
Aldermen		37,000		37,000		37,523		(523)
Contract labor		41,440		41,440		34,443		6,997
Retirement		20,000		20,000		11,043		8,957
Utilities		20,000		20,000		11,885		8,115
Legal		15,500		15,500		12,240		3,260
Office supplies		6,500		6,500		6,551		(51)
Auto gas		1,500		1,500		1,366		134
Miscellaneous		52,920		52,920		30,290		22,630
Telephone		6,700		6,700		7,341		(641)
Payroll taxes		6,500		6,500		6,592		(92)
Conventions and travel		5,500		5,500		2,642		2,858
Advertising and publication		7,100		7,100		4,567		2,533
Inspections		7,500		7,500		15,580		(8,080)
St. Tammany Parish Assessor		5,960		5,960		6,930		(970)
Trustee expense		5,475		5,475		2,359		3,116
Senior citizens		4,000		4,000		3,772		228
Postage		1,800		1,800		1,097		703
Payroll processing fee		2,600		2,600		2,668		(68)
Dues and subscriptions		1,000		1,000		1,009		(9)
Auto repairs and maintenance		1,000		1,000		531		469
Janitorial expense		6,000	-	6,000		4,850		1,150
Total general government expenses	\$	618,065	\$	618,065	\$	551,012	\$	67,053

^{*}Note: The Town legally adopts annual budgets for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) SHARED SALES TAX FUND

		Budgetary	Amo	ounts	-	ctual on	Variance with			
		Original	Final		В	Budgetary Basis		nal Budget ve (Negative)		
REVENUES:										
Taxes:			_			200 171	ф	(11.050)		
Sales taxes	\$	300,150	\$	300,150	\$	288,171	\$	(11,979)		
Interest income	4-1-					201	-	201		
Total revenues		300,150		300,150	,	288,372		(11,778)		
EXPENDITURES:										
Public works		214,710		214,710		142,036		72,674		
Principal retirement		:=0		5.5		40,146		(40,146)		
Interest on long-term debt		; ₩0		-		5,249		(5,249)		
Capital outlay		12,040	_	12,040		16,000		(3,960)		
Total expenditures		226,750	-	226,750		203,431		23,319		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	-	73,400):	73,400	-	84,941	0.	11,541		
OTHER FINANCING USES:										
Transfers out		(73,400)		(73,400)		(53,400)		20,000		
Total other financing uses	-	(73,400)	_	(73,400)	-	(53,400)	\ 	20,000		
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		-	31,541	\$	31,541		
Fund balance, beginning of year					-	241,628				
Fund balance, end of year					\$	273,169				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) SPECIAL SALES TAX FUND

	Budgetary Amounts					ctual on	Variance with		
	(Original	Final			idgetary Basis		al Budget e (Negative)	
REVENUES:									
Taxes:									
Sales taxes	\$	289,275	\$	289,275	\$	314,406	\$	25,131	
Total revenues	-	289,275		289,275		314,406	-	25,131	
EXPENDITURES:									
Public works		289,275		289,275		282,800		6,475	
Culture and recreation		<u> </u>		-		7,650		(7,650)	
Total expenditures		289,275		289,275		290,450	÷	(1,175)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures	=		===		-	23,956	-	23,956	
OTHER FINANCING USES:									
Transfers out				-		-		*	
Total other financing uses	-				-				
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	•	<u>-</u>	23,956	\$	23,956	
Fund balance, beginning of year						30,895			
Fund balance, end of year					\$	54,851			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) CEMETERY FUND

	2	Budgetary Amounts				etual on	Variance with Final Budget		
	C	Original		Final		idgetary Basis		e (Negative)	
REVENUES: Sales of cemetery plots Interest income Other revenues Total revenues	\$	68,340	\$	21,600 154 100 21,854	\$	21,600 154 100 21,854	\$		
EXPENDITURES: Cemetery Capital outlay Total expenditures		68,340	0 	68,340		6,300 10,243 16,543		62,040 (10,243) 51,797	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	:=			(46,486)		5,311	2	51,797	
Net change in fund halances	\$		\$	(46,486)	_	5,311	\$	51,797	
Fund balances - beginning of year						220,346			
Fund balances - end of year					\$	225,657			

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017*

	1	2/31/2017	1	2/31/2016	1	12/31/2015
Municpal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.239050%		0.249567%		0.250750%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	1,000,047	\$	1,022,903	\$	895,718
Town's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	434,132	\$	445,813	\$	427,968
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		230.36%		229.45%		209.30%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		62.49%		62.11%		66.18%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar yearend that occurred within the fiscal year.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	<u>12</u>	/31/2017	1	<u>2/31/2016</u>	12/31/2015		
Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana Contractually Required Contribution	\$	99,802	\$	87,626	\$	95,274	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	-	(99,802)	_	(87,626)		(95,274)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$	(E)	\$	2.00	
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$	420,565	\$	410,086	\$	482,402	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		23.73%		21.37%		19.75%	

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS, LOUISIANA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2017

(1) PENSION PLAN SCHEDULES

Changes of Benefit Terms

There were no changes of benefit terms during any of the years presented.

Changes of Assumptions

Investment rate of return and inflation rate decreased to 7.4% and 2.775%, respectively, on June 30, 2017 from 7.5% and 2.875%, respectively, on June 30, 2016.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Lighting Special Revenue Fund		Parks/ Playground Special Revenue Fund		2010 Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund			Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$	4	\$	119	\$	28,402	\$	2	\$	28,525
Equity in pooled cash	4		-	/ .	-	,	-	46	•	46
Property taxes receivable, net	_	20,848	,	41,695	-		_		-	62,543
Total assets	\$	20,852	<u>\$</u>	41,814	<u>\$</u>	28,402	\$	46	\$	91,114
LIABILITIES:										
Pooled cash in other funds	\$	13,333	\$	3,581	\$	1,528	\$		\$	18,442
Total liabilities	-	13,333	7	3,581	=	1,528	-		-	18,442
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		0.44								2.500
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	_	866	_	1,732	-		_		_	2,598
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	866	-	1,732	-		-		-	2,598
FUND BALANCES: Restricted, reported in										
Special revenue fund		6,653		36,501		0.5		÷.		43,154
Debt service fund		5.75				26,874				26,874
Unassigned	_	1 10	_		_		_	46	-	46
Total fund balances	_	6,653	:	36,501	-	26,874	-	46	·	70,074
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	20,852	\$	41,814	\$	28,402	\$	46	\$	91,114

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AN CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

				Parks/						
	Lighting Special Revenue Fund			layground Special Revenue Fund	2	2010 Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES:	_									
Property taxes	\$	25,120	\$	50,240	\$	2.5	\$:50	\$	75,360
Interest income	-	12	};	16	-	35	_		_	63
Total revenues		25,132	-	50,256	-	35	_		-	75,423
EXPENDITURES:										
General government		29,428		35,801		•		3		65,229
Debt service:				1.4.000		44.000				
Principal Interest		•		14,000		44,000		-		58,000
		20, 420	_	1,423	_	10,663	_		_	12,086
Total expenditures	-	29,428		51,224	-	54,663	_		_	135,315
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures		(4,296)	-	(968)	_	(54,628)	_		_	(59,892)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfer in			_			53,400	_		_	53,400
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-	_		-	53,400	-		_	53,400
Net change in fund balances		(4,296)		(968)		(1,228)		90		(6,492)
Fund balances, beginning of year		10,950	<u></u>	37,468	_	28,102	-	46		76,566
Fund balances, end of year	\$	6,654	\$	36,500	\$	26,874	\$	46	\$	70,074

TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION PAID TO COUNCIL MEMBERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Name	Amount
Patrick Berrigan, Jr.	\$ 7,640
Ryan Murphy	7,301
Gina Kilpatrick Harper	7,640
Daniel Curtis	7,301
Leslie Welliver	7,640
	\$ 37,522

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO AGENCY HEAD

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Greg Lemons, Mayor

Purpose	Amount					
Salary	\$	53,603				
Benefits - insurance		2				
Benefits - retirement		2				
Benefits - other		-				
Car allowance		9				
Vehicle provided by government		-				
Per diem		=				
Reimbursements		-				
Travel		5				
Registration fees		*				
Conference travel		2,729				
Continuing professional education fees		=				
Housing		-				
Unvouchered expenses		2				
Special meals		<u> 2</u> :				
Total Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments	\$	56,332				



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Audit Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana (the "Town") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 15, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana June 15, 2018

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Aldermen, the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, and federal and state awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

June 15, 2018 Mandeville, Louisiana

Certified Public Accountants

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TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The independent auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana.
- 2. No significant deficiencies in internal control relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Town of Abita Springs, Louisiana were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 4. A management letter was issued for the year ended December 31, 2017.

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS

N/A

TOWN OF ABITA SPRINGS, LOUISIANA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

SECTION I - FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

N/A

SECTION II - MANAGEMENT LETTER

2016-001 Long-Outstanding Checks

During our testing, we noted several outstanding checks in the Town's checking accounts that were greater than one year old at year end. These checks may be subject to Louisiana escheat laws for unclaimed property. We recommend that the Town review the long-outstanding checks and void and reissue as necessary or report to the state as required by escheat laws.

Corrective action was taken by the Town. This issue has been resolved.